# SULLIVAN COUNTY HEALTH IMPROVEMENT PLAN (CHIP) 2019-2021



# 2019-2021 CHIP Collaborative Partners:









Catskill Regional MEDICAL GROUP

Creating a Healthier Community, Together

Cornell University Cooperative Extension Sullivan County

























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## **Executive Summary**

Community Health Assessment (CHA) and Community Health Improvement Plan (CHIP)

A Community Health Assessment (CHA) identifies key needs and issues of a community through the systematic, comprehensive data collection and analysis. Sullivan County Public Health Services and Catskill Regional Medical Center representatives participated in a year-long regional process that included Hudson Valley county health departments and hospitals with HealtheConnections, to update data and gather community input through community surveys and focus groups to inform the 2019-2024 Community Health Assessment.

A Community Health Improvement Plan (CHIP) is a long-term effort to address public health problems based on a CHA. CHIPs are strategic plans that set priorities and measurable objectives to address the needs of a community. This is a collaborative process between the health department and key, diverse stakeholders in the community including Catskill Regional Medical Center to coordinate efforts, establish priorities, and combine resources to guide evidence based health promotion strategies and interventions.

The 2019-2021 Sullivan County CHIP includes a year-long effort to identify two overarching priority areas chosen for Sullivan County, NY: 1) Prevent Chronic Disease, and 2) Improve Mental Health and Prevent Substance Use.

Progress continues to be made in Sullivan County to improve health outcomes, particularly in these areas:

- A reduction in adult smoking rates from 24.5% in 2013-14 to 18.4% in 2016 (BRFSS).
- A reduction in teenage pregnancy from **19.6% in 2012 to 16.7% in 2016** (age 15-17 per 1,000).
- The percentage of adults (aged 18-64) with health insurance increased from 82.4% in 2013 to 91.9% in 2016.
- Premature birth decreased from **12.4 (2013) to 10.2 (2016)**, nearly meeting the prevention agenda goal of 10.1. However, health disparities by race continue to exist for Black and Hispanic women, who have higher rates of premature births.

Of note for increased focus are the following concerns:

- The age-adjusted suicide rate (2014-16) in Sullivan County is **15.1 per 100,000**, compared to the NYS rate of **8.0 per 100,000** and the Prevention Agenda goal of 5.9. This speaks to the need for improved mental health and substance use prevention and intervention services and education.
- The percentage of adults who are obese increased from **28.3 (2013-14) to 31.7%** (BRFSS, 2016).
- The percentage of children and adolescents who are obese is **21.6% compared to 17.3%** in NYS excluding NYC (2014-16).
- The percentage of adults who received a colorectal cancer screening based on the most recent guidelines aged 50-75 yrs. was **only 53.7%** compared to the NYS rate of **68.5%** and the Prevention Agenda goal of 80%.
  - Colorectal, lung and breast cancer are the leading types of premature death due to cancers for Sullivan County residents.
- The age-adjusted heart attack hospitalization rate per 10,000 population in Sullivan County is significantly higher than the NYS rate. The hospitalization rate increased from 14 (2011) to 24.3 (2014) per 10,000 for Sullivan County residents, compared to 14.8 for NYS (excl. NYC) in 2014.

- The percentage of the population with low income and low access to a supermarket or large grocery store improved in Sullivan County from 6.34% (2010) to 4.85% (2015). However, access to nutritious and affordable food continues to be a significant factor for families and impacts health outcomes.
- More recently, from 2015 to 2019, a few small grocery stores in remote, rural areas of the county have declined to participate in the SNAP (food stamps) and the NYS Division of Nutrition WIC program, which provides access to low income pregnant women, infants and children to nutritious food to improve health outcomes.

#### **Process for Selection of Priority Areas**

To assess the needs of Sullivan County residents and identify Prevention Agenda priorities, there was extensive secondary data review and analysis through the CHA Collaborative between HealtheConnections, seven local health departments and seventeen hospitals region wide. Data from that review included but was not limited to: American Community Survey, Behaviors Risk Factor Surveillance System, County Health Rankings & Roadmaps, HRSA Data Warehouse, numerous sources from the New York State Department of Health (NYSDOH) Prevention Agenda Dashboards and Community Health Indicator Reports, New York State Education Department and Hudson Valley Patterns for Progress.

HealtheConnections and Sullivan County Public Health Services conducted the Mid-Hudson Regional Community Health Survey, a randomized telephone survey that collected the residents' perceptions surrounding health and resources in their communities. Focus groups with human service providers that serve underrepresented populations were also held. Representatives from S.A.L.T., the Sullivan County Health Services Advisory Board, and the Sullivan County Rural Health Network participated in reviewing data and providing focus group input in April, May, June and September 2019. The purpose of the focus groups was to collect information on the issues specific to individuals who may be dealing with more complex health issues than the general population. These agencies provide support for persons with low-income, veterans, persons experiencing homelessness, the aging population, and people with a mental health diagnosis or those with a substance use disorder.

An overall review of the data was provided by the Sullivan County Rural Health Network Board members, Drug Prevention Task Force, and Health Equity/Common Ground committees, and the Sullivan County Health Services Advisory Board between June 2019 and November 2019. Approximately 25 partners, including hospitals, health care providers, community-based organizations, community members and academia, were in attendance. The groups provided a review of the most current data in all prevention agenda priority areas, current community priority areas of concern from SALT forums (Sullivan Allies Leading Together), the Sullivan County Office for the Aging and Community Services (mental health unit) assessments, and current leading efforts of Sullivan County Rural Health Network subcommittee efforts to address health disparities. The Sullivan County Rural Health Network (RHN) board and full membership and Health Services Advisory Board (HSAB) participated in an identification process that allowed attendees to vote on the two Prevention Agenda Priorities for the 2019-2021 CHIP. This process included a review of the impacts that the social determinants of health have on health outcomes; and discussions of both assets and barriers in each of the selected priority areas. These meetings occurred during the months of June, September, October, and November 2019. Final RHN and HSAB board approvals of the CHIP document will take place in early December, as well as review and approval by the Board of Catskill Regional Medical Center.

#### **Identified Priority Areas**

All of these processes highlighted a common understanding that there continues to be a need for improved coordination of efforts among the many partner organizations who seek to improve health and quality of in Sullivan County, a mostly rural county that differs from its Hudson Valley partner counties in geography, income, and workforce. A long term investment in key evidence-based interventions that are focused on two priority areas are necessary in order to realize sustainable improvement in outcomes.

#### Prevent Chronic Disease Improve Mental Health and Prevent Substance Use

#### Who is involved and how can the broader community be involved?

Leaders from Sullivan County Public Health Services (SCPHS), Catskill Regional Medical Center and its community partners will be responsible for recruiting additional partners and/or community members through the 2019-2021 CHIP cycle. Additionally, SCPHS and Catskill Regional Medical Center has strong partnerships with dozens of organizations serving its residents, including two federally qualified health care centers, private medical providers, SUNY Sullivan, Tuoro Medical College and School of Dentistry, NYU Medical College, PRASAD Children's Dental Health Program, Sullivan County BOCES, community-based organizations, and other not for profit organizations serving a broad variety of community needs including transportation, housing, faith communities, food pantries, and organizations that provide economic stability to low income residents.

SCPHS has established multiple coalitions, including multiple committees through the Sullivan County Rural Health Network, the Maternal, Infant Health Collaborative, and the Sullivan County Visitors Association, in addition to co-leading and participating on a large number of countywide coalitions including the breastfeeding coalition, the oral health committees, and the health equity/common ground committee. These coalition partners will be mobilized to address the health areas of focus and emerging issues for the CHA/CHIP 2019-2021 cycle. When feasible, community forums and surveys will be conducted to engage the broader community at-large. Access to this document as well as the full Community Health Assessment will be provided on the Sullivan County Public Health Services Department website found here:

http://sullivanny.us/Departments/Publichealth/Healthrelateddataandreports under "Health Related Data and Reports," and can also be located on the Catskill Regional Medical Center website at <a href="https://www.crmcny.org/about-us/community-service-plan">https://www.crmcny.org/about-us/community-service-plan</a>. These documents will also be shared with community partner organizations, Rural Health Network members, the Sullivan County Public Health Services Advisory Board, Sullivan County management and leadership, and the Sullivan County Legislature.

Within each of the identified priorities, the need for improvements in health outcomes will be addressed through the concentration of efforts in areas of the county with the highest rates of morbidity and mortality, the most pressing economic needs, and in areas where there are significant health disparities.

Within the priority area of **Prevent Chronic Disease**, the following focus areas, goals and interventions were chosen (*numbers correspond to the New York State Prevention Agenda*):

## Prevent Chronic Diseases Action Plan

- Focus Area 1 Healthy Eating and Food Security
- Focus Area 2 Physical Activity
- Focus Area 3 Tobacco Prevention
- Focus Area 4 Chronic Disease Preventive Care and Management

	Focus Area 1: Healthy Eating and Food Security
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	Overarching Goal: Reduce obesity and the risk of chronic disease
	Goal 1.1 Increase access to healthy and affordable foods and beverages
Priority Area:	Objective 1.4 Decrease the percentage of adults ages 18 years and older with obesity (among all adults)
Prevent Chronic Diseases	Intervention 1.0.3 Worksite nutrition and physical activity programs designed to improve health behaviors and results.
	Objective 1.9 Decrease the percentage of adults who consume less than one fruit and less than one vegetable per day (among all adults)
	Intervention 1.0.5 Increase the availability fruit and vegetable incentive programs Systematic evidence reviews find that financial incentive programs can increase affordability, access, purchases, and consumption of fruits and vegetables.

	Focus Area 2: Physical Activity Overarching Goal: Reduce obesity and the risk of chronic diseases
Priority Area:	Goal 2.1 Improve community environments that support active transportation and recreational physical activity for people of all ages and abilities.
Prevent Chronic Diseases	Objective 1.7 Increase the percentage of adults age 18 years and older who participate in leisure-time physical activity (among all adults)
	Intervention 2.1.1 Implement a combination of one or more new or improved pedestrian, bicycle, or transit transportation system components (i.e., activity-friendly routes):
	Street pattern design and connectivity Pedestrian infrastructure

	Bicycle infrastructure Public transit infrastructure and access
	Goal 2.2 Promote school, child care and worksite environments that increase physical activity.
	Objective 2.2 Decrease the percentage of children with obesity (among public school students in NYS exclusive of NYC)
Priority Area:	Intervention 2.2.1 Implement the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) Comprehensive School Physical Activity Program in school districts through Local School Wellness Policy Committees aligned with school district educational outcomes;
Prevent Chronic Diseases	Local School Wellness Policy requirements; School Health Improvement Plans; CDC's Whole School, Whole Community, Whole Child Model; New York State Education Department's Every Student Succeeds Act Plan; School Health Index and Wellness School Assessment Tool (WellSAT) assessments; school staff and teacher professional development and training standards, and with resource or materials support.
	Objective 2.4 Decrease the percentage of adults ages 18 years and older with obesity (among all adults)
	Intervention 2.3.1 Implement and/or promote a combination of community walking, wheeling, or biking programs. Open streetsetc.
	Intervention 2.2.3 Implement a combination of worksite-based physical activity policies, programs, or best practices through multi- component worksite physical activity and/or nutrition programs; environmental supports or prompts to encourage walking and/or taking the stairs; or structured walking-based programs focusing on overall physical activity that include goal-setting, activity monitoring, social support, counseling, and health promotion and information messaging.

	Focus Area 3: Tobacco Prevention
Priority Area:	Overarching Goal: Reduce obesity and the risk of chronic diseases
Fliolity Alea.	Goal 3.1 Prevent initiation of tobacco use, including
Prevent Chronic Diseases	combustible tobacco and electronic vaping products by youth and young adults
	Objective 3.1.2 Decrease the prevalence of combustible cigarette use by high school students

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	Objective 3.1.3 Decrease the prevalence of vaping product use by high school students
	Intervention 3.1.2 Use media and health communications to highlight the dangers of tobacco, promote effective tobacco control policies and reshape social norms.
Priority Area:	Goal 3.2 Promote tobacco use cessation, especially among populations disproportionately affected by tobacco use including: low SES; frequent mental distress/substance use disorder; and disability.
Prevent Chronic	Objective 3.2.3 Decrease the prevalence of cigarette smoking by adults ages 18 years and older (among adults with income less than \$25,000).
Diseases	Intervention 3.2.2 Use health communications and media opportunities to promote the treatment of tobacco dependence by targeting smokers with emotionally evocative and graphic messages to encourage evidence-based quit attempts, to increase awareness of available cessation benefits (especially Medicaid), and to encourage health care provider involvement with additional assistance from the NYS Smokers' Quit line.

	Focus Area 4: Preventative Care and Management Overarching Goal: Reduce obesity and the risk of chronic diseases
Priority Area:	Goal 4.1 Increase cancer screening rates for breast, cervical and colorectal cancer
Prevent Chronic Diseases	Objective 4.1.1 Increase the percentage of women with an annual household income less than \$25,000 who receive a breast cancer screening based on most recent guidelines
	Intervention 4.1.3 Use small media such as videos, printed materials (letters, brochures, and newsletters) and health communications to build public awareness and demand.
	Objective 4.1.5 Increase the percentage of adults aged 50-64 who receive a colorectal cancer screening based on the most recent guidelines.

		Intervention 4.1.5 Remove structural barriers to cancer screening such as providing flexible clinic hours, offering cancer screening in non-clinical settings (mobile mammography vans, flu clinics), offering on-site translation, transportation, patient navigation and other administrative services and working with employers to provide employees with paid leave or the option to use flex time for cancer screenings.
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Within the priority area of **Improve Mental Health and Prevent Substance Use Disorders**, the following focus areas and goals were chosen (*numbers corresponding to the New York State Prevention Agenda*):

Promote Well-Being and Prevent Mental Health and Substance Use Disorders Action Plan

- Focus Area 1 Well-Being
- Focus Area 2 Mental Health and Substance Use Disorders Prevention

Priority Area:	Focus Area 1: Well-Being
Improve Mental Health and Prevent	Goal 1.1 Strengthen opportunities to build well-being and resilience across the lifespan
Substance Use	Objective 1.1 Increase the number of programs and initiatives available that integrate social and emotional approaches across the lifespan, and increase participation in these programs for County residents.
	Intervention 1.1.4 Integrate social and emotional approaches across the lifespan. Support programs that establish caring and trusting relationships with older people. Examples include the Village Model, Intergenerational Community, Integrating social emotional learning in schools, Community Schools, parenting education.
Priority Area:	Goal 1.2 Facilitate supportive environments that promote respect and dignity for people of all ages
Improve Mental Health and Prevent Substance Use	Objective 1.2.1 Increase the number of programs and initiatives available that integrate social and emotional approaches across the lifespan, and are evidence-based home visiting programs. Intervention 1.2.1 Implement evidence-based Home visiting programs: These programs provide structured visits by trained professionals and paraprofessionals to pregnant women and families, particularly those considered at-risk, necessary resources and skills to raise children who are physically, socially, and emotionally healthy and ready to learn.

Objective 1.2.2 Increase New York State's Community Scores by 7% to 61.3%

Intervention 1.2.2 Mental Health First Aid is an evidence- based public education program that teaches people how to respond to individuals who are experiencing one or more acute mental health crises (such as suicidal thoughts or behavior, an acute stress reaction, panic attacks or acute psychotic behavior) or are in the early stages of one or more chronic mental health problems (such as depressive, anxiety or psychotic disorders, which may occur with substance abuse).

	Focus Area 2. Mental Health and Substance Use Disorders Prevention
Priority Area:	Goal 2.1 Prevent underage drinking and excessive alcohol consumption by adults
Improve Mental Health and Prevent Substance Use	Objective 2.1.1 Reduce the percentage of youth in grades 9-12 reporting the use of alcohol on at least one day for the past 30 days by 10% from 27.1% in 2017 to 24.4%.
	Intervention 2.1.1 Implement environmental approaches, including reducing alcohol access, implementing responsible beverage services, reducing risk of drinking and driving, and underage alcohol access.
	Intervention 2.1.2 Implement School based prevention: Implement/Expand School-Based Prevention Services. Life Skills Training (LST) is a school-based program that aims to prevent alcohol, tobacco, and marijuana use and violence by targeting major social and psychological factors that promote the initiation of substance use and other risky behaviors. Teen Intervene is a brief, early intervention program for 12- to 19-year-olds who display the early stages of alcohol or drug involvement. Integrating stages of change theory, motivational enhancement, and cognitive- behavioral therapy, the intervention aims to help teens reduce and ultimately eliminate their substance use.
	Intervention 2.1.6 Integrate trauma-informed approaches and responses into prevention programs by training staff, developing protocols and engaging in cross-system collaboration.

	Focus Area 2. Mental Health and Substance Use Disorders Prevention
Priority Area:	
	Goal 2.2 Prevent opioid and other substance misuse and deaths
Improve Mental	
Health and Prevent	Objective 2.2.2 Increase the age-adjusted Buprenorphine
Substance Use	prescribing rate for substance use disorder (SUD) by 20% to 43.8 per 1,000 population. Baseline: 36.5 per 1,000.
	Intervention 2.2.1 Increase availability of/access and linkages
	to medication-assisted treatment (MAT) including Buprenorphine.
	Intervention 2.2.2 Increase availability of/access to overdose
	reversal (Naloxone) trainings to prescribers, pharmacists and
	consumers.

	Focus Area 2: Mental Health and Substance Use Disorders Prevention
Priority Area:	Goal 2.5 Prevent suicides
Improve Mental Health and Prevent Substance Use	Objective 2.5.2 Reduce the age-adjusted suicide mortality rate by 10% to 7 per 100,000.
	Intervention 2.5.5 Promote connectedness, teach coping and problem-solving skills: social emotional learning, parenting and family relationship programs, peer norm program.

# **CHIP Implementation Plan**

#### **IMPLEMENTATION PLAN**

#### **PRIORITY AREA:** Prevent Chronic Diseases

FOCUS AREA 1: Healthy Eating and Food Security

Overarching Goal: Reduce obesity and the risk of chronic diseases

Goal 1.1: Increase access to healthy and affordable foods and beverages

**Objective #1:** By December 31, 2021, decrease the percentage of adults ages 18 years and older who are overweight or obese by 5% from 64.6% to 59.6%. (Data Source: NYS Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance Survey (BRFSS), 2016)

**Objective #2:** By December 31, 2021, decrease the percentage of school aged children and adolescents who are overweight or obese by 5% from 37.7% to 32.7%. (Data Source: NYSDOH Student Weight Status Category Reporting System, 2019)

Strategies that address disparity: #1, #2, and #3 (Persons with low socioeconomic status (SES) and concentrated in areas with high racial/ethnic minorities)

Evidence Based	Activities	Lead Partners	Timeframe	Evaluation Measure	Outcome: Product/Result
Strategy					
(1) Increase the number of institutions with nutrition standards for healthy food and beverage procurement, with emphasis in the Villages of Monticello and Liberty.	Draft polices, engage stakeholders with community- based organizations (CBOs) and worksites to adopt policies	Staff Time: Cornell Cooperative Extension, Sullivan County Government Implementation Partners: CBOs, Small retailers, Catskill Regional Medical Center (ORMC), Sullivan County Public Health Services & Sullivan 180	January 2019- December 2021	Number and type of worksites, municipalities, CBOs, and hospitals to develop and adopt policies to implement nutrition standards including cafeterias, snack bars, vending machines, CSAs and corner stores	Increased access and consumption of healthier foods and beverages
(2) Work with school districts to implement multi- component school-based obesity prevention interventions, with emphasis in the Villages	Encourage districts to prohibit advertising and promotion of less nutritious foods and beverages, increase the availability of healthier foods and beverages	Staff Time: Cornell Cooperative Extension (CCE), Eat Smart New York (ESNY) Implementation Partners: School districts, Catskill Regional Medical Center	January 2019- December 2021	Number of schools that improve nutrition policies and practices Number schools that adopt and implement comprehensive and strong local	Increased access and consumption of healthier foods and beverages

of Monticello	and provide			school wellness	
& Liberty.	healthy eating			policies	
	learning				
	opportunities				
(3) Increase	Maintain current farm	Staff Time: CCE	Ongoing	Number of	Increased
availability of affordable	markets in		seasonal May- November	participants and farmers	availability of
	Monticello &		(2019-2021)	farmers	locally
healthy foods	Liberty,		(2019-2021)		produced items
especially in communities	growing the				and availability in low income
with limited	number of				areas directed
access through	farms who				towards those
sustaining	participate and				without
funded farm	continue				transportation
markets	growth of				F
	mobile market				
	outreach.				
(3 cont.)	Increase	Staff Time:	Ongoing	Dollar amount of	Increased
Increase	participation of	Sullivan County	seasonal May-	Fresh Connect	percentage of
availability of	farm markets	Public Health	November	Coupons used at	low-income and
affordable	that take SNAP	Services, Women	(2019-2021)	markets	aging adults
healthy foods	benefits and	Infants and			with access to
especially in	WIC checks	Children (WIC),		EBT transaction	fresh fruits and
communities	and increase	Office for the		dollar amount	vegetables
with limited	number of	Aging,			
access through	SNAP and	Department of		Dollar amount of	
sustaining	WIC	Social Services,		senior coupons	
locally funded	participants			and veteran	
farm markets	who use their			coupons issued at markets	
	benefits at farm markets			at markets	
	markets				

**PRIORITY AREA:** Prevent Chronic Diseases

**FOCUS AREA 1:** Healthy Eating and Food Security

#### **Overarching goal: Reduce obesity and the risk of chronic diseases**

#### **Goal 1.3 Increase Food Security**

**Objective #1:** By December 31, 2021, decrease the percentage of adults with perceived food insecurity by 3% from 10.7% to 7.7%. (Source: Feeding America, 2019)

**Objective #2:** By December 31, 2021, decrease the percentage of adults who report consuming less than one fruit and less than one vegetable daily by 2% from 28.7% to 26.7%.

Source: NYSDOH Expanded Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2018

Evidence Based Strategy	Activities	Lead Partners	Timeframe	Evaluation Measure	Outcome: Product/Result
(1) Screen for food insecurity, facilitate, and actively support referral, with focus in the high-need town	Develop standardized definition and screening questions for food insecurity	Staff Time: Catskill Regional Medical Center, Hudson River Healthcare	January 2020- March 2020	Developed standardized definition and question to measure food security	Ability to collect hospital and medical provider data in relation to food insecurity.
of Monticello.	Creation of internal policies and practices to consistently screen for food insecurity in both pediatric and adult populations	Staff Time: Catskill Regional Medical Center & Catskill Regional Medical Group Support Partners: SC PHS, Eat Smart New York, Federation for the Homeless, Crystal Run Healthcare	January 2020-December 2021	Number of health practices that screen for food insecurity and facilitate referrals to supportive services	Increased awareness among healthcare providers about food insecurity and increased number of food insecure residents connected to resources
	Regular updating of food pantries listings and other local emergency food services.	Staff Time: SC PHS, CCE, Eat- Smart NY, SALT, Sullivan 180 Support Partners: Food bank of the Hudson Valley, Federation for the Homeless, CACHE	January 2020- June 2020	Number of food pantry lists available to healthcare providers	Increased awareness among healthcare providers about where to refer patients
(2) Increase the availability fruit and vegetable incentive programs	Create an incentive program for the purchasing of fruits and vegetables at local farm markets	Staff Time: CCE Support Partners: CRMC, CRMG, HRHC Advisory Capacity: Food bank of the Hudson Valley,	Seasonal during Farm Markets March 2020- November 2021	Number of coupons distributed by providers Number of coupons redeemed at Farmer's Market	Increased number of residents with access to funds for healthy foods

Federation for       the Homeless,       CACHE
Wholesome Wave

#### **PRIORITY AREA:** Prevent Chronic Diseases

#### FOCUS AREA 1: Healthy Eating and Food Security

#### Overarching goal: Reduce obesity and the risk of chronic disease

**Goal 2.1:** Promote school, childcare and worksite environments that support physical activity for people of all ages and abilities.

**Objective** #1: By December 31, 2021, decrease the percentage of adults ages 18 years and older with obesity by 2% from 20.7 to 18.7%. (Data Source: NYS Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance Survey (BRFSS), 2016)

**Objective #2:** By December 31, 2021, increase the percentage of adults age 18 years and older who participate in leisure-time physical activity by 2% from 72.4%. (Data Source: BRFSS, 2016)

**Objective #3:** By December 31, 2021, decrease the percentage of elementary & middle and high school with obesity students by 2% from 20.1% to 18.1% and 24.8% to 22.8% respectively.

(Data Source: Student Weight Category Status, 2016-2018)

Strategies that reduce disparities: #1 and #2 (Families with low SES and high rates of obese children)

Enidorea	A	Taad	Tim of a mo	E-value 4for	Onterme
Evidence	Activities	Lead	Timeframe	Evaluation	Outcome:
Based Strategy		Partners		Measure	Product/Result
(1) Encourage		Staff Time: Eat	January 2019-	Number of	Increased number
school districts	Draft policies,	Smart New	December 2021	schools	of students with
to implement	engage with	York, CCE,		implementing	opportunities for
Comprehensive	school districts	Fallsburg		CSPAP	physical activity
School Physical	and stakeholders	School District,		components	throughout the
Activity	during wellness	Monticello			school day
Programs	committee	Central School			
(CSPAP)	meetings to	District and			
particularly in	adopt policies	Liberty Central			
the high need	Increase the	School District			
Villages of	number of				
Monticello and	schools with	Support			
Liberty.	comprehensive,	Partners:			
	strong and	Catskill			
	supported local	Regional			
	school wellness	Medical Center			
	policies by				
	providing				
	childhood				
	obesity				
	education.				
(2)	Work with local	Staff Time:	January 2019-	Number of	Increased number
Implementation	gyms, CBOs	CRMC, Boys &	December 2021	students	of students with
of the obesity	and school	Girls Club,		participating in	access to physical
prevention	districts to	CCE, Studio		the program	activity and
guidelines	implement the	Ayo Fitness,			education around

utilizing the 5- 2-1-0 model with a focus in school districts with high rates of overweight and obese school-aged children	"Warrior Kids" educational program emphasizing at least 1 hour of physical activity a day and allow participants to engage in 30 minutes of additional physical activity one day for four weeks	PRASAD (Oral Health Education) Support Partners: Monticello Central School District, Liberty Central School District, Town Parks & Rec Departments including camp program directors.		Percentage of program participants reporting intent to be more physically active (1 hour per day)	the importance of daily physical activity
(3) Implement a combination of improved pedestrian, bicycle or transit transportation system components that support safe and accessible physical activity	Promote and assist municipalities with the adoption and implementation of complete streets policies and components with local municipalities	Staff Time: CCE, Sullivan County Planning Department, Sullivan County Department of Public Works	January 2019- Decemeber 2021	Number of complete streets policies adopted Percent of residents and roads affected by policies Number of places that implement new or improve existing community planning and transportation interventions	Increased number of adults meeting physical activity guidelines Increase the percentage of adults who walk or bike to get from one place to another

Priority Area: Prevent Chronic Diseases

Focus Area 3: Tobacco Prevention

#### Goal 3.3 Eliminate exposure to secondhand smoke

**Focus Area 3:** Reduce Illness, Disability and Disease Related to Tobacco Use and Secondhand Smoke Exposure

**Goal 3.3.1:** Promote tobacco use cessation, especially among populations disproportionally affected by tobacco use including: low SES; frequent mental distress/substance use disorder; and disability

Objective #1: By December 31, 2021, decrease the prevalence of cigarette smoking by adults ages 18 and older

by 3%.	December 51, 20	21, decrease the prevat	shee of eightene	smoking by addits t	
(1) Use media and health communications to highlight the dangers of tobacco use and reshape social norms	Create a media campaign	Staff Time: SC PHS, Sullivan 180, Alcoholism & Drug Abuse Council (ADAC) Support Partners: Tobacco Free Action Communities (TFAC), local community organization, school districts, Catholic Charities of Orange, Ulster and Sullivan Counties	November 2019- December 2020	Number of posters distributed Number of presentations at schools and community events	Increased knowledge among youth regarding the dangers of vaping and combustible tobacco
(2) Promote Medicaid benefits for tobacco cessation services and free cessation classes available in Sullivan County.	Distribution of Medicaid benefits to target populations Host facilitator trainings for Freedom from Smoking Host Freedom from Smoking classes	Staff Time: SC PHS, CRMC Support Partner: American Lung Association & Tobacco Free Action Communities (TFAC)	January 2019- December 2021	Number of Freedom from Smoking trainings Number of individuals trained in Freedom from Smoking Number of persons completing Freedom from Smoking program	Increased number of people trained Increased number of adults referred for tobacco cessation Increased number of individuals reducing or quitting smoking

#### Priority Area: Prevent Chronic Diseases

#### Focus Area 4: Preventative Care and Management

**Goal 1.1:** Increase cancer screening rates for breast, cervical and colorectal cancers, especially among disparate populations.

**Objective #1:** By December 31, 2021, increase the percentage of adults receiving breast cancer (baseline 64%), cervical (baseline 69%), and colorectal cancer (baseline 53.7%) screenings by 2% respectively, based on the most recent screening guidelines.

Data source: NYS Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance Survey, 2018

Strategies that address disparity:	#3 (Persons with low SES and concentrated in areas with high
racial/ethnic minorities)	

Evidence	Activities	Lead Partners	Timeframe	Evaluation	Outcome:
<b>Based Strategy</b>				Measure	Product/Result
(1) Remove	Sullivan	Staff Time: Sullivan	January 2019-	Number and	Increased
structural	County	180, CCE, CRMC,	December 2021	type of worksites	number of
barriers to	Worksite	SC PHS		that adopt	adults able to
cancer	Wellness			practices and	receive cancer
screening by	Committee to	Support Partners:		policies that	screenings
working with	connect to	Cancer Services of		reduce structural	-
employers to	worksites to	the Hudson Valley,		barriers to	
provide	establish paid	Tobacco Free		cancer screening	
employees with	leave policies	Action Coalition,		_	
paid leave or	for screenings	SCPHS		Number of	
the option to	_			employers with	
use flex time				policies for flex	
for cancer				time or paid time	
screenings				off for cancer	
				screenings	
				_	

**GOAL 1.2:** Promote evidence-based care to prevent and manage chronic diseases including asthma, arthritis, cardiovascular disease, diabetes and pre-diabetes and obesity.

**Objective #1:** By December 31, 2021, decrease the percentage of pre-diabetic adults by 2% from 9.6% to 7.6%.

Data source: NYS Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance Survey, 2016

**Objective #2:** By December 31, 2021, decrease the Asthma ED visit rate per 10,000 for those aged 0-4, 0-17, and all age groups

Strategies that address disparity: #3 (Persons with low SES and concentrated in areas with high racial/ethnic minorities)

(1) Connect pre-diabetic patients to local PreventT2 course taught by a certified lifestyle coach.	Hospital diabetes team to educate local providers about PreventT2.	Staff Time: CRMC, Support Partners: Sullivan 180, HealtheConnections, Hudson River Healthcare, SCPHS	January 2019- December 2021	Number of Sullivan County residents who participate in a Prevent T2 course. Baseline -0	Increased number of adults able to prevent diagnosis of diabetes.
(2) Implement	SCPHS, public	Staff Time: SCPHS	January 2020 -	Number of	Increased
The American	health nurses		December 2021	Sullivan County	number of
Lung	and BOCES	Support Partners:		school nurses	nurses and
Association's	via school	SCPHS, Asthma		and public health	schools
Asthma-	based nurses			nurses who	educated on

Friendly	Coalition, SC	participate in	asthma
Schools	BOCES	asthma	prevention and
Initiative <sup>TM</sup> to		education	management of
provide a		courses and train	chronic disease.
comprehensive		the trainer	
approach to		events. Baseline	
asthma		-0	
management in			
schools			

#### Priority Area: Improve Mental Health and Prevent Substance Use

Focus Area 1: Promote Well-Being

Goal 1.1 Strengthen opportunities to build well-being and resilience across the lifespan.

**Objective #1:** By December 31, 2021, reduce the percentage of Sullivan County disconnected youth by 5%, from 16.7% to 11.7%. Source: Measure of America, 2018

Evidence Based	Activities	Lead Partners	Timef	Evaluatio	Outcome:
Strategy			rame	n Measure	Product/Result
(1) Parenting education to decrease early education gaps amongst disparate populations in Monticello & Liberty.	Creation of a Basics Sullivan Coalition that is able to support the wide-spread usage of the Boston Basics model for early parenting skills development.	Staff Time: CRMC, Childcare Council, SCPHS Support Partners: Local libraries, schools, Sullivan County, Head Start and MISN	January 2019- December 2021	<pre># of organizations on the Coalition. # of Basics host sites.</pre>	Increase of children who are school ready by kindergarten and improved social connectedness of young families in Sullivan.
(2) Increase utilization of home visiting programs and community health workers.	Utilization of a Comprehensive Perinatal Referral Form to connect pregnant and post-partum women with valuable services and programs.	Staff Time: SCPHS, CRMC Support Partners: First Way Life Center, MISN, CRMC, Crystal Run, Hudson River Healthcare, SALT	January 2019- December 2021	# of comprehensive perinatal referral forms completed # of Healthy Families participants, # of referrals to SCPHS maternal child health nursing	Increase in # of Sullivan families receiving structured visits by trained professionals and paraprofessionals, particularly those at risk, providing parents with the skills and resources to raise children who are physically, socially and emotionally healthy.

(3) Increase participation and	Provide Mental Health First	Staff Time: CRMC	January 2019-	# of participants in	Reduced stigma around mental
utilization of evidence based resources to promote well-being.	Aid Programs for local health and human services professionals as well as the general public.	Support Partners: HealtheConnections SCPHS, Sullivan 180, NAMI, SALT, SC Youth Bureau	December 2021	adult Mental Health First Aid programs. # of participants in youth MHFA programs; participant evaluations of all MHFA offerings.	health disorders and improved community readiness, education and response to mental health issues and crisis.
(4) Provide exposure and education to School Based Mental Health programming in Monticello and Liberty School Districts.	Provide Mental Health First Aid programs for local health and human services professionals as well as the general public.	Staff Time: CRMC Support Partners: HealtheConnections Sullivan 180, SCPHS, NAMI, SALT, SC Youth Bureau	January 2019- December 2021	# of Participants in Adult Mental Health First Aid programs. # of participants in Youth Mental Health First Aid programs. Participant evaluations of all Mental Health First Aid offerings.	Increase number of students with coping skills and improved resilience

Priority Area: Improve Mental Health and Prevent Substance Use

Focus Area 2. Mental Health and Substance Use Disorders Prevention

Goal 2.2 Prevent opioid and other substance misuse and deaths

Intervention 2.1.2 Implement School based prevention: Implement/Expand School-Based Prevention Services. Life Skills Training (LST) is a school-based program that aims to prevent alcohol, tobacco, and marijuana use and violence by targeting major social and psychological factors that promote the initiation of substance use and other risky behaviors. Teen Intervene is a brief, early intervention program for 12- to 19-year-olds who display the early stages of alcohol or drug involvement. Integrating stages of change theory, motivational enhancement, and cognitive-behavioral therapy, the intervention aims to help teens reduce and ultimately eliminate their substance use

•		-		•	
Evidence	Activities	Lead	Timeframe	Evaluation	Outcome:
<b>Based Strategy</b>		Partners		Measure	<b>Product/Result</b>
Implement School	Implement	SALT, CCE,	January 2020 -	Number of	Increase the
based prevention:	SBPS Life	SCPHS	December 2021	schools who	number of
Implement/Expand	Skills Training			have	integrated
School-Based	in all Sullivan			implemented	support and
Prevention	County school			Life Skills	education
Services. Life	districts			Training (LST)	programs to
Skills Training					help teens
(LST)					reduce and
					ultimately

					eliminate their			
	1 T	·11.4	1		substance use			
		ility of/access and li	nkages to medicatio	on-assisted treatmen	(MAI)			
including Buprenorphine Evidence Activities Lead Timeframe Evaluation Outcome:								
	Activities		Timetrame					
Based Strategy		Partners		Measure	Product/Result			
Buprenorphine is an	Increase the	SCPHS, CRMC,	January 2020-	Increased	Increase in			
appropriate	number of local	CRHC,	December 2021	number of	number of			
treatment for	providers	GHVHCS,		providers who	providers			
people who are	certified in	HRHC		can treat opioid	treating opioid			
dependent on	buprenorphine			substance use	substance use			
opioids, such as	treatment.			disorder	disorder ;			
heroin and				(baseline: 8)	increased access			
prescription drugs.					to care			
(OASAS,								
(0110110,								
SAMSHA)								
SAMSHA)	2.6 Integrate trauma	informed approache	es in training staff a	nd implementing pr	ogram and policy			
SAMSHA)	2.6 Integrate trauma	a informed approache	es in training staff a	nd implementing pr	ogram and policy			
SAMSHA)	2.6 Integrate trauma	a informed approache	es in training staff a	nd implementing pr	ogram and policy Outcome:			
SAMSHA) Intervention 2.2	-		-					
SAMSHA) Intervention 2.2 Evidence	-	Lead	-	Evaluation	Outcome:			
SAMSHA) Intervention 2.2 Evidence Based Strategy	Activities	Lead Partners	Timeframe	Evaluation Measure	Outcome: Product/Result			
SAMSHA) Intervention 2.2 Evidence Based Strategy Trauma informed	Activities Provide ACES	Lead Partners SCPHS, SC	Timeframe Jan 2020- Dec	Evaluation Measure Number of	Outcome: Product/Result Increase in			
SAMSHA) Intervention 2.2 Evidence Based Strategy Trauma informed care as an evidence based	Activities Provide ACES and Trauma Informed Care	Lead Partners SCPHS, SC Government	Timeframe Jan 2020- Dec	Evaluation Measure Number of policies and/or implementation	Outcome: Product/Result Increase in number of policies and/or			
SAMSHA) Intervention 2.2 Evidence Based Strategy Trauma informed care as an	Activities Provide ACES and Trauma	Lead Partners SCPHS, SC Government Depts: Mental	Timeframe Jan 2020- Dec	Evaluation Measure Number of policies and/or	Outcome: Product/Result Increase in number of			
SAMSHA) Intervention 2.2 Evidence Based Strategy Trauma informed care as an evidence based practice to	Activities Provide ACES and Trauma Informed Care training to staff	Lead Partners SCPHS, SC Government Depts: Mental Health, Social	Timeframe Jan 2020- Dec	Evaluation Measure Number of policies and/or implementation of policies,	Outcome: Product/Result Increase in number of policies and/or implementation			
SAMSHA) Intervention 2.2 Evidence Based Strategy Trauma informed care as an evidence based practice to improve staff	Activities Provide ACES and Trauma Informed Care training to staff of all County	Lead Partners SCPHS, SC Government Depts: Mental Health, Social Services, OFA,	Timeframe Jan 2020- Dec	Evaluation Measure Number of policies and/or implementation of policies,	Outcome: Product/Result Increase in number of policies and/or implementation			
SAMSHA) Intervention 2.2 Evidence Based Strategy Trauma informed care as an evidence based practice to improve staff training and ability	Activities Provide ACES and Trauma Informed Care training to staff of all County health and human services	Lead Partners SCPHS, SC Government Depts: Mental Health, Social Services, OFA, Public Health,	Timeframe Jan 2020- Dec	Evaluation Measure Number of policies and/or implementation of policies,	Outcome: Product/Result Increase in number of policies and/or implementation			
SAMSHA) Intervention 2.2 Evidence Based Strategy Trauma informed care as an evidence based practice to improve staff training and ability to reduce	Activities Provide ACES and Trauma Informed Care training to staff of all County health and	Lead Partners SCPHS, SC Government Depts: Mental Health, Social Services, OFA, Public Health,	Timeframe Jan 2020- Dec	Evaluation Measure Number of policies and/or implementation of policies,	Outcome: Product/Result Increase in number of policies and/or implementation			
SAMSHA) Intervention 2.2 Evidence Based Strategy Trauma informed care as an evidence based practice to improve staff training and ability to reduce substance use and	Activities Provide ACES and Trauma Informed Care training to staff of all County health and human services	Lead Partners SCPHS, SC Government Depts: Mental Health, Social Services, OFA, Public Health,	Timeframe Jan 2020- Dec	Evaluation Measure Number of policies and/or implementation of policies,	Outcome: Product/Result Increase in number of policies and/or implementation			

**Priority Area: Improve Mental Health and Prevent Substance Use** 

#### Focus Area 2. Mental Health and Substance Use Disorders Prevention

Goal 2.2 Prevent opioid and other substance misuse and deaths

Intervention 2.2.2 Increase availability of/access to overdose reversal (Naloxone) trainings to prescribers, pharmacists and consumers.

Evidence	Activities	Lead	Timeframe	Evaluation	Outcome:
<b>Based Strategy</b>		Partners		Measure	<b>Product/Result</b>
Train	Expand the	SCPHS, SALT,	Jan 2020 -Dec	Increase number	20% Increased
community	number of	Catholic Charities	2021	of individuals in	availability
members, first	opioid overdose			community/county	of/access to
responders, and	prevention			trained in	overdose
public on	(naloxone)			naloxone	reversal
naloxone use	trainings to			administration by	trainings to
	general			20%; baseline 600	prescribers,
	community and				-

additional first		pharmacists and
responders		consumers

	IMPLEMENTATION PLAN						
Priority Are	ea: Improve Menta	al Health and Prever	nt Substance Use				
Focus Area 2	2. Mental Health an	nd Substance Use Disc	orders Prevention				
Goal 2.5 Pre	vent Suicides						
Objective 2.5	5.2 Reduce the age-	-adjusted suicide mort	cality rate by 10% to	o 7 per 100,000.			
integrate trauma	informed approach	environments: Reduc es, reduce excessive a	lcohol use		1		
Evidence	Activities	Lead	Timeframe	Evaluation	Outcome:		
Based Strategy		Partners		Measure	Product/Result		
CALM and	Provide	SCPHS, Youth	Jan 2020 - Dec	Reduce the age-	Increased		
Safe Talk	educational and	Bureau, Mental	2021	adjusted suicide	number of family		
training, or	training events,	Health, Social		mortality rate by	and community		
similar	and social	Services, CCE,		10% to 7 per	members who		
evidence based	media	CRMC – RISE		100,000. Sullivan	complete lethal		
interventions to	promotion	(Rape Intervention		Co. Baseline:	means		
educate public	awareness of	Services &		15.1 age adjusted	counseling		
on reducing	evidence based	Education)		rate/100,000	training		
lethal means	interventions to			(2014-16)			
among persons	reduce suicide						
at risk of	risk			Percent of			
suicide				providers who			
				completed			
				Counseling on			
				Access to Lethal			
				Means (CALM)			
				training			

# Sullivan County CHIP Participating Partners

2018-19 Health Services Advisory Board / Sullivan County Public Health Services:					
	Affiliation				
Bruce E. Ellsweig, MD, Chairperson	Family Practice, Primary Care - Crystal Run Healthcare				
Sam Avrett, MPH	Consultant, The Fremont Center				
Jennifer Candela, LCSW	HRHCare - Monticello				
James Dennis, R. PH, MS	Pharmacist				
M. Cecilia Escarra, MD	Executive Director, PRASAD Children's Dental Health Program				
Nancy McGraw, LCSW, MBA, MPH	Public Health Director, Sullivan County Public Health Services				
Joan Patterson, RN, MSN	Director of Operations – Sullivan County, Crystal Run Healthcare				
Patrina Phillip-King, MD	OB/GYN HRHCare- Monticello				
Carol Ryan, RN, MPH	President and Director, Health Promotion Strategies				
Gladys Walker	Community member, volunteer				

Sullivan County Rural Health Network Board Members 2019					
	Affiliation				
Colleen Monaghan, MPA Chairperson	Cornell Cooperative Extension of Sullivan County				
Martin Colavito	Sullivan Allies Leading Together (S.A.L.T.)				
Robert Dufour, Ed. D.	Sullivan County BOCES Superintendent				
Lise-Ann Deoul	Director, Office for the Aging				
Cecilia Escarra, DDS	PRASAD CDHP				
Dan Grady	Hospice of Orange & Sullivan Counties				
	NYU School of Medicine, Langone				
David Lee, MD MS	Director of the Health Geographics Research Initiative				
Nancy McGraw, LCSW, MBA, MPH	Public Health Director, Sullivan County Public Health Services				
Laura Quigley	Center for Workforce Development, Sullivan County				
Jay Quaintance	President, SUNY Sullivan				
Sandra Rowland, Vice Chair	Sullivan 180				
Jonathan Schiller	CEO, Catskill Regional Medical Center				
Joseph Todora, MSW, LMSW	Commissioner, Division of Health & Family Services				
Robert Wingate	Catskill Area Health Education Center				
Bernice Zierler, RPAC	Refuah Health Center				

2018-19 Sullivan Count Committee Members:	RHN Committees				
Committee members:	Title/Affiliation	Drug Prevention Task Force	Oral Health Committee	Perinatal Drug Task Force	Health Equity / Common Ground Committee
Nancy McGraw, LCSW, MBA, MPH,	Public Health Director, Sullivan County	x	х	Х	Х
Wendy Brown, RN, MS	Deputy Director, Sullivan County Public Health Services	X	X X	X X	X X
Jill Hubert-Simon, MS	Public Health Educator, SCPHS	X	Х	Х	Х
Catherine Paci, BS, Ed.	Public Health Educator, SCPHS	X	Х	Х	Х
Lise-Anne Deoul	Sullivan County Office for the Aging	X			Х
Joseph Todora, MSW, LMSW	Commissioner, Division of Health & Family Services	X			
Melissa Stickle, MSW, CASAC	Director, Community Services	X		Х	
Carol Ryan, RN, MPH	Health Promotion Strategies	Х	Х	Х	Х
Dean Scher, PhD, LCSW	CEO, Catholic Charities Community Services of Orange and Sullivan	X			
Jeff Skaar	Chief Behavioral Health Officer, Catholic Charities CSOS	X			
Cecilia Escarra, DDS	PRASAD CHDP		Х		Х
Martin Colavito	S.A.L.T.	Х			Х
Heidi Reimer	Community Services	Х			
Margaret Fonsera	Refuah Health Center		Х		
Stephanie Brown	Assistant County Mgr. Sullivan County	Х	Х		
Jay Manzo	HRHCare	X			
Julie Pisall	Kingfisher Project/WJFF	X			
Rickie Craft	Community member	Х			
Albee Bockman	Mobil Medic, Coroner	X			
Kristy Sigelakis	SC Probation	Х			
Anna Bernhardt	SC Probation	Х			
John Liddle	Deputy County Manager	Х			
Brenda Sherman, MSW	Social Worker, SCPHS	Х			
Zytona Reynolds	Hudson Valley Community Services	X			

# Sullivan County CHIP Participating Partners

2018-19 Sullivan Coun Committe	RHN Committees				
Committee members:	Title/Affiliation	Drug Prevention Task Force	Oral Health Committee	Perinatal Drug Task Force	Health Equity / Common Ground Committee
Maleka Jackson	Maternal Infant Services Network	Х		Х	
Andrew Oni	Catskill Regional Medical Center	Х			Х
Amanda Langseder	Community Health Director, CRMC		Х	Х	Х
Jennifer Lansiquot	Community Health Coordinator, CRMC		Х	Х	
Moreen Lerner	Healthy Bethel Committee				Х
Vanessa Sotelo	Action Toward Independence				Х
Robert Dufour, Ed.D.	Superintendent, BOCES	Х	Х		Х
Jennifer Tompkins	St. John's Episcopal Food Pantry				Х
Diane Scheide	Vicar, Delaware Catskill Episcopal Ministry	Х			Х
Amy Kolakowski	Catholic Charities, CCCSOS	Х			
Sandi Rowland	Executive Director, Sullivan 180	Х	Х	Х	Х
Catherine Freda, PHN	Sullivan County Public Health Services	Х			
Jennifer Reinhardt	Dynamic Youth Community	Х			
Jackie Kellachan	Maternal Infant Services Network (MISN)		Х	Х	
Jennifer Ocasio	The Alcoholism & Drug Abuse Council of Orange County	Х			
Julio Fernandez	National Guard	Х			
Kathleen Christie, LCSW	Community member	Х			
Laurel Bertram, LCSW	Community member	Х			

Contact Information for this report:

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