

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**EMERALD CORPORATE CENTER
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION**

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

EMERALD CORPORATE CENTER
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

December 31, 2020

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors
Emerald Corporate Center Economic Development Corporation
Monticello, New York

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Emerald Corporate Center Economic Development Corporation, a component unit of County of Sullivan, New York, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Corporation's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Emerald Corporate Center Economic Development Corporation, a component unit of County of Sullivan, New York as of December 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 9 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated May 28, 2021, on our consideration of the Emerald Corporate Center Economic Development Corporation, a component unit of County of Sullivan, New York's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Emerald Corporate Center Economic Development Corporation's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Emerald Corporate Center Economic Development Corporation's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Gutlin & Associates, LLP

Liberty, New York

May 28, 2021

**Emerald Corporate Center Economic Development Corporation
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Year Ended December 31, 2020**

The management of Emerald Corporate Center Economic Development Corporation (ECCEDC) offers the readers of these statements a narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of ECCEDC for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020. This Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and the related footnotes that follow.

Management Objectives and Organization

The ECCEDC was established on May 18, 2000 by an act of the Sullivan County Legislature (County Resolution 270), and incorporated as a not for profit corporation on June 15, 2000, with the mission of operating and selling shovel-ready lots within the Emerald Corporate Park for commercial office uses. The ECCEDC is located in the hamlet of Rock Hill, New York within the Town of Thompson. The Park is strategically located next to State Route 17 (future I-86) at Exit 109 placing the facility within 25-30 minutes of Interstates I-84 and I-87 and one hour from New York City.

The Park is physically located along Rock Hill Drive consisting of 52.55 acres. The acreage is subdivided into six (6) lots ranging in size and topography. Two lots were purchased by Crystal Run Healthcare in 2002, and two (2) lots were purchased by ABC XYZ LLC in August of 2005. One lot contains the Emerald Springs Water Company that services the Park and one lot is currently owned by Sullivan County, which is working with Verizon to have a cellular communications tower erected at the site. This lot is located in the back of the Park and consists of approximately 23 acres. It is the intent of the County to subdivide it to separate the tower site and return the remaining lot to the ECCEDC for marketing and development.

Consistent with its mission, the ECCEDC has three primary objectives: (1) manage and maintain park assets and common areas in the park while lots are being sold; (2) market and sell all lots in the park; (3) upon the sale of all lots, divest itself of all park assets and transfer ownership and management of the park to an association of owners.

The ECCEDC is governed by a nine member board appointed by the County Legislative Chair and confirmed by the County Legislature. The board meets quarterly on policy and budget matters regarding operations of the park. The chairman of the board is responsible for the day-to-day operational affairs of the park in meeting the aforementioned objectives.

The appointment practice of the Chairperson has been to nominate and confirm a senior executive officer of the County so that County staff and resources can be mobilized when necessary to address management issues of the park. In the past, the County Manager has served as Chairperson. Since February of 2005, the Commissioner of Planning has been serving as Chairperson.

Since its formation, the ECCEDC has had the County's business recruiting entity, the Partnership for Economic Development, assist with the marketing of the available lots in the park. Specifically, the Partnership has marketed the park at trade shows and interfaced with developers and commercial realty firms in identifying potential buyers of the lots in the corporate park.

Changing Board Policy to Fit the Changing Market

The Corporate Park was planned and constructed during the late 1990s in the midst of a major downturn in the County's economy. The philosophy behind developing the park was to stimulate economic activity by offering the region a shovel ready site to attract commercial space, ideally Class-A offices, to Sullivan County in an effort to stimulate and diversify the economy. In 2019, the ECCEDC Board entered into an agreement with a commercial real estate broker to market the property.

The post-911 era appeared to underscore this rationale since the thinking after September 11, 2001 was that back office operations would look to relocate outside the New York City Metropolitan Area. Given these circumstances, the ECCEDC Board prohibited spec building in the park and required a build to suit provision.

Between 2001 and late 2003 this management approach worked well in that Crystal Run Health Care Industries purchased three lots in July of 2002 and broke ground in June of 2003 constructing a 84,000 square foot medical center to meet their business needs. Brookside Homes (ABC XYZ, LLC), a major modular home corporation, purchased two lots in 2005 to construct a 26,000 square foot office building to house financial, governmental, and professional services. This proposed development never took place and the lots were sold in 2009 and again in 2015. They remain vacant.

Between 2003 and 2005 a number of development firms took an interest in the park but declined submitting offers on the remaining lots because of the prohibition on spec buildings.

In reference to regional commercial office space, a market analysis conducted by the Commissioner of Planning and the President and CEO of the Partnership for Economic Development in the winter of 2006 revealed a strong demand for commercial and corporate office space in Orange, Westchester, Putnam, and Rockland counties. Furthermore, these areas offered more flexible options for development while offering a closer location to the New York Metropolitan Area making it appealing for developers. In effect, this reality refuted the Post-911 assumption noted earlier. The new Board Chairman's position was that the ECCEDC should allow spec building in order to attract buyers given the competition in the Hudson-Delaware region.

In the Spring of 2006, the Board approved the Chairman's recommendation on a case-by-case basis. Over the ensuing years, the Partnership received interest from several light manufacturing companies in the site, including a major cosmetic brand, but Town zoning, limited permitted uses at the site to office development. In 2015, the ECCEDC Chair worked with the Town of Thompson and the host community, represented by the Rock Hill

Business and Community Association, to develop and enact amended zoning for the Corporate Park to expand the allowable uses. Among those added were light industrial, flex space, and retail uses on those lots with frontage on the hamlet's main street of Rock Hill drive. Subsequent to the change in zoning, the Board received one offer to purchase the site. Since the offer was substantially below the parcel's appraised value, and also appeared speculative, the offer was not accepted.

Description of Operations

The ECCEDC has no direct employees. Operations on-site are conducted via contract employees and other management functions of the Park are handled in-kind by members of Sullivan County staff.

The on-site contract employees include a water operations manager to oversee the corporate park water company and a local landscaping and snow plowing company to maintain the common areas of the park.

Management functions of the Park are handled by the Planning Commissioner and Planning Division staff to oversee the contract employees, conduct site visits to the Park, monitor day-to-day expenses and prepare payments for board member signatures. In 2020, as a result of staff cutbacks, assistance on fiscal matters has been provided by staff on loan from the County Office of Management and Budget. Planning staff also prepares the agenda packets, including budget updates and expense reports, and minutes for ECCEDC Board meetings and of Board committees required by the New York State Authorities Budget Office (ABO). They address parcel marketing and respond to maintenance issues as needed.

The Board is no longer responsible for the road and electrical infrastructure of the park. The former was dedicated to the Town of Thompson in 2004 and the latter was dedicated to New York State Electric and Gas (NYSEG) in 2005. The only remaining infrastructure is the Water Company.

Overview of Financial Statements

These financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Organization. These statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The Organization's basic financial statements comprise two components: the financial statements (a statement of net assets, a statement of activities and a statement of cash flows) and the footnotes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

The Statement of Net Assets presents information on all of the Organization's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Organization is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities present information showing how the Organization’s net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. the accrual for accounts payable is expensed in a current year and recorded as a liability on the statement of net assets for payout at a future date).

The Statement of Cash Flows is reported on the direct method. The direct method of cash flow reporting portrays net cash provided or used from operating, investing, capital and non-capital financing activities.

The Organization reports its activity as a business type activity using the full accrual measurement focus and basis of accounting. The Organization is a component unit of the County of Sullivan. Therefore, the results of the Organization’s operations, its net assets, and cash flows are also summarized in the County’s government wide financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements. The footnotes to the financial statements can be found on pages 13-14 of this report.

Financial Highlights

Statement of Net Assets

The statement of net assets presents the financial position of the Organization at the end of the fiscal year, December 31, 2020. During the fiscal year, the Organization’s total assets decreased \$14,826. Liabilities decreased \$8,701. The table below reflects the financial position at December 31, 2020 and 2019.

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Current assets	\$ 55,691	\$ 70,517
Other non-current assets	<u>1,442,461</u>	<u>1,442,461</u>
Total assets	<u>1,498,152</u>	<u>1,512,978</u>
Current liabilities	<u>3,467</u>	<u>12,168</u>
Net Assets	<u>\$ 1,494,685</u>	<u>\$ 1,500,810</u>

At December 31, 2020, the Organization’s total assets were \$1,498,152 and total liabilities were \$3,467. Unrestricted net assets, which represent the equity of the Organization, were \$1,494,685.

The decrease in unrestricted net assets during the year of \$6,125 was due to a number of factors which include a decrease in Cash (\$5,788), Prepaid Insurance (\$6,678) and Due From County (\$3,056) and offset by a decrease in Accounts Payable (\$8,701).

Current Assets

Current assets decreased \$14,826, or 21.02%, compared to the previous year. The reason for this was due to a decrease in Cash, Prepaid Insurance and Due from County of Sullivan. Current assets consists of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, prepaid insurance and amounts Due from County of Sullivan.

Current Liabilities

Current liabilities decreased \$8,701, or 71.51%, compared to previous year. This was due to a decrease in accounts payable. Current liabilities are those liabilities that will be paid within one year.

Statement of Activities

The statement of activities presents the Organization’s results of operation.

- Total operating revenues for 2020 were \$55,677, which consist of support from the County.
- Operating expenses for 2020 were \$61,802, which includes water company operating expenses, insurance, professional fees, repairs & maintenance and miscellaneous expenses.

The following table reflects the changes in net assets for 2020.

Operating Revenues	\$ 55,677
Operating Expenses	<u>61,802</u>
Net Increase in Net Assets	<u>\$ (6,125)</u>

Revenue Overview

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
County of Sullivan	<u>\$ 55,677</u>	<u>\$ 60,401</u>

Total revenues decreased \$4,724, or 7.82%, compared to previous year. This was due to an decrease in revenues from the County of Sullivan.

Expense Overview

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2019</u>
Water Company Operating Expenses	\$ 40,269	\$ 37,509
Insurance	6,678	9,826
Professional Fees	10,250	4,500
Repairs & Maintenance	4,330	5,045
Miscellaneous	<u>275</u>	<u>275</u>
Total Expenses	<u>\$ 61,802</u>	<u>\$ 57,155</u>

Expenses increased \$4,647, or 8.13%, compared to previous year.

Major Milestones and Park Development

In previous MD&A assessments, we have made note of the restrictive zoning imposed by the Town of Thompson which has created a challenge because it has mitigated flexibility of potential developers. However, in the winter of 2008, with the assistance of our County Legislator from District 9, the Town of Thompson revised the zoning to allow a specific percentage of retail space of total development in the park. In 2015 the Town zoning was further updated to broaden the allowable use mix for light manufacturing and flex space. In 2018 the board commissioned an engineering firm to quantify and illustrate the building capacity on the remaining land. In 2019 the board entered into an agreement with Keller Williams Realty for exclusive marketing rights to the remaining owned acreage. Keller Williams has proceeded to present the property at commercial real estate events. It has requested a market feasibility study; Planning Division staff has provided general market data.

Keller Williams generated one lead which conducted due diligence on the property over a several month period, including reviewing the original DEIS, stormwater management plan, maps of water and sewer lines, and other documents, as well as - and speaking with the engineer who drafted the original site plan drawings. The party concluded that the costs of development at the site precluded a satisfactory return on their investment and did not make an offer to purchase.

Factors That Will Impact The Future

As noted earlier, the ECCEDC currently owns no property in the Park, as the back lot was transferred to Sullivan County on December 3, 2020. It is expected that the County will subdivide the land required for the cellular communications tower and return the remaining acreage to the ECCEDC for marketing and development. In anticipation of this, and to support efforts for Park build out, the ECCEDC will continue to work with a commercial broker to aggressively market the property.

The costs of operating the water company have been an ongoing concern given that it has had only one commercial customer. In 2019, the Board reached consensus on transferring the water company to the Town of Thompson under a draft agreement that would provide an initial subsidy for a certain number of years. This arrangement would have resulted in immediate cost savings. In early 2020, the agreement had not yet been finalized and several changes had occurred. One was a change in County elected officials which resulted in a change of Board members. More significantly, the development by the Center for Discovery of a major children's hospital and autism research center nearby on the southern side of Route 17 increased residential development pressures in the area. A proposed 300 unit residential development on property adjacent to the ECC could potentially generate a positive cash flow for the water company. The ECCEDC board elected to not conclude an agreement with the Town of Thompson at that time, in order to allow Sullivan County to explore the creation of a water district that would allow it to benefit from those residential connections.

After due diligence, the County concluded that the burdens of creating and operating the new water district outweighed its anticipated benefits and members of the ECC Board have resumed negotiations with the Town. In 2021, the adjacent hotel and event center property changed hands and is now the Hamaspik Resort, a retreat for families with special needs children of the Satmar religious sect. Management of the resort left word inquiring about potential use of Emerald Springs Water, as there had been an agreement with the previous owner to provide water in case of an emergency. As of this writing, discussions have not been initiated.

**EMERALD CORPORATE CENTER
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION
STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS
As At December 31, 2020**

ASSETS	
CURRENT ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 3,360
Accounts Receivable	6,551
Prepaid Insurance	4,762
Due from County of Sullivan	<u>41,018</u>
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	<u>55,691</u>
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	
Deferred Building Costs	<u>1,442,461</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>1,498,152</u>
LIABILITIES	
CURRENT LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	<u>3,467</u>
NET ASSETS	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	1,442,461
Unrestricted	<u>52,224</u>
TOTAL NET ASSETS	<u>\$ 1,494,685</u>

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**EMERALD CORPORATE CENTER
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
For the Year Ended December 31, 2020**

OPERATING REVENUES	
County of Sullivan	\$ <u>55,677</u>
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	<u>55,677</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Water Company	40,269
Insurance	6,678
Professional Fees	10,250
Repairs & Maintenance	4,330
Miscellaneous	<u>275</u>
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	<u>61,802</u>
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	(6,125)
NET ASSETS-BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>1,500,810</u>
NET ASSETS-END OF YEAR	\$ <u><u>1,494,685</u></u>

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**EMERALD CORPORATE CENTER
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
For The Year Ended December 31, 2020**

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Receipts from County of Sullivan	\$	58,733
Cash Paid to Suppliers for Goods & Services		<u>(64,521)</u>
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS		(5,788)
TOTAL CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR		<u>9,148</u>
TOTAL CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$	<u><u>3,360</u></u>
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(6,125)
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Earnings to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:		
Change in Assets and Liabilities:		
Accounts Receivable		(696)
Due from County of Sullivan		3,056
Prepaid Insurance		6,678
Accounts Payable		<u>(8,701)</u>
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	<u><u>(5,788)</u></u>

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**EMERALD CORPORATE CENTER
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2020**

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Emerald Corporate Center Economic Development Corporation (ECCEDC) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the Corporation are described below.

Reporting Entity

ECCEDC was incorporated as a not for profit corporation on June 15, 2000 for the purpose of overseeing, managing and developing a corporate park with the objective of relieving and reducing unemployment; promoting and providing for additional and maximum employment; bettering and maintaining job opportunities; encouraging the development of, or retention of, industries in Sullivan County; assisting the commercial rehabilitation of Sullivan County.

ECCEDC is exempt from federal income tax under Section 501 (c) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code. As a result, no provision for income tax has been made for purposes of this report.

The management of ECCEDC consists of the members of the Sullivan County Legislature and members appointed by the Legislature of the County of Sullivan. For the year ended December 31, 2020, ECCEDC occupies, at no cost, office space at the County Government Center. The County of Sullivan also provides administrative and clerical services to ECCEDC at no cost. The value of these services has not been determined.

ECCEDC is a component unit of the County of Sullivan, New York as set forth in GASB Statement 14.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reported period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

**EMERALD CORPORATE CENTER
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2020**

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when a liability is incurred, regardless of timing of related cash flows.

In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Boards Statement No. 20, paragraph 7, ECCEDC has elected not to apply Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued after November 30, 1989.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, ECCEDC considers all highly liquid investments with an initial maturity of six months or less to be cash equivalents.

Deferred Building Costs

During 2002, ECCEDC acquired land and existing infrastructure from the County of Sullivan for the purpose of constructing a corporate center. All expenditures related to architectural, engineering, legal matters and construction of infrastructure are being capitalized.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors
Emerald Corporate Center Economic Development Corporation
Monticello, New York

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Emerald Corporate Center Economic Development Corporation, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Emerald Corporate Center Economic Development Corporation's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated May 28, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Emerald Corporate Center Economic Development Corporation's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Emerald Corporate Center Economic Development Corporation's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Emerald Corporate Center Economic Development Corporation's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations,

during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Emerald Corporate Center Economic Development Corporation's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Gittlin & Associates, LLP

Liberty, New York

May 28, 2021